## Local Council Tax Support (LCTS) Scheme – Consultation Options

OPTION	Number of Working Age Claimants affected (out of total of 1762)	Estimated Total Saving	Estimated Saving to Bromsgrove	Average Annual Increase		Comments	
				Median	Mean		
Cap maximum amount of support that can be claimed to:						Council Tax Support continues to be calculated in the same way as the present scheme, however the maximum amount of support that a claimant can receive is capped at a certain % of their overall liability.	
80%	1,762	£345,000	£49,680	£179.10	£196.15	,	
85%		£259,000	£37,296	£134.32	£147.11	This option results in all working age claimants having to pay something towards Council Tax and provides an incentive to claimants to increase their	
90%		£172,000	£24,768	£89.62	£98.12	income.	
Cap support at a lower band	1,762	£59,000	£8,496	£168.07	£159.40	Entitlement to LCT Support is capped at a maximum of Band D charge for those in a Band E, F, G or H property and restrictions on band A – D properties to limit support to the next lowest Band.	
						This option would result in claimants entitled to support having to pay more of the cost of occupying a higher –band property.	
						This reduces the likelihood of low-income claimants occupying higher value properties than they otherwise would.	
						This can have a positive impact on more efficient use of housing stock.	

Removal of Second Adult Rebate	116	£19,950	£2,872	£71.16	£171.97	SAR is paid where only one person is liable for a household's Council Tax and there is a low income non-dependent living with them.  SAR reduces the householder's liability by 25% regardless of the Council Tax payers income, if the second adult is in receipt of Income Support, Income based JSA, ESA or Pension Credit.  There are few claimants of SAR and the changes will not significantly reduce expenditure on the LCTS scheme.  The retention of SAR may be incompatible with the introduction of a scheme which caps support for all working age claimants, and could result in low income working age adults who live in their own property making a contribution from a single limited income, whilst this contribution would not apply to a low income non-dependent living with people who may have sufficient means to pay the Council Tax.	
Removal of backdating claims	Information on the costs of backdating are not available.					Restrict or remove the ability to backdate claims would not result in a significant saving in the overall cost of the LCTS scheme however it would result in reduced administration.  Vulnerable persons could be protected through the use of discretionary powers which allow for the reduction of Council Tax liability on a case by case basis.	

Reduce capital/savings limit	Information on Capital/savings		available for red	high level of non-pension fund assets a this option will not significantly reduce on the LCTS scheme.  However the change may be appropriate	However the change may be appropriate as part of any effort to concentrate support on the most		
Changes to Non- dependent deductions	Information on	savings is not	available for this	anomaly in the existing scheme which dependents with significant incomes to in a household and make no contribution Council Tax liability if the liable person of DLA or Attendance Allowance.  The non-dependant is not liable for Co	The non-dependant is not liable for Council Tax and therefore consideration would be given to protecting		
Reduce Council Tax discount on short term empty property to 50% for 1 month (excluding new developments)	N/A	£105,000	£15,120		This option is not subject to statutory of and can be agreed by Council at any subjects.  Reducing the discount on empty proper provide an incentive to ensure propertie empty, thus increasing the supply in the sector.	tage of the erties can es are not left	